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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/081,953	02/22/2002	William J. Hennen	4428.2US	6427	
24247 7590 11/17/2003		EXAMIN		NER	
TRASK BRITT			CHEN, STAC	CHEN, STACY BROWN	
P.O. BOX 2550 SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84110			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
21.12.1			1648		
			DATE MAILED: 11/17/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/081,95	3	HENNEN ET AL.			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Stacy B Cl		1648			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOnsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by streply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event. a reply within the statueriod will apply and will tatute, cause the appl	ent, however, may a reply be timusers, however, may a reply be timusers and the street of the street	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0	08 September 2	<u>003</u> .				
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T	This action is no	on-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)□	 ✓ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. ✓ Claim(s) 17 is/are allowed: is free of the prior art of record SRC II p 3 ✓ Claim(s) 1-16 and 18-22 is/are rejected. ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Applicat	ion Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 22 February 2002 is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) \(\begin{array}{c} \times \\ 13 \rightarrow \times \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documt 2. Certified copies of the priority documt 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documt application from the International But Bee the attached detailed Office action for a Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dominice a specific reference was included in the 7 CFR 1.78. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dominice acknowledgment is made of a claim for dominice acknowledgment is made of a claim for dominice was included in the first sentence of the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for dominication of the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for dominication of the first sentence o	nents have been nents have been priority docume ireau (PCT Rule list of the certifuestic priority under first sentence provisional apprestic priority undestic priority undestication p	n received. In received in Application received in Application and the series of the specification or plication has been received and series of the specification or specification of the specification.	on No Id in this National Stage d. e) (to a provisional application) in an Application Data Sheet. eived. and/or 121 since a specific			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)							
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No.			(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's amendment filed September 5, 2003 is acknowledged and entered. Claims 1-22 are pending and examined.

2. The rejection of claims 7-10 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment. The rejection of claims 7-12 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 22 is drawn to a method of eliciting a T-cell mediated immune response wherein the composition administered strengthens the immune system of the animal. It is not clear how or what aspect of the "strength" of the immune system can be measured. Clarification is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. Upon further consideration of the claims and the prior art of record, the following new prior art rejection is applied. The Office regrets any inconvenience to Applicant.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claims 1-3, 7-16, 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tokoro (5,080,895). The claims are drawn to a method for eliciting a T-cell mediated immune response in an animal, comprising administering transfer factor. The transfer factor is generated by a non-mammalian source animal's egg in response to a T-cell mediated immune response to an antigenic agent. The transfer factor molecules have molecular weights of about 4000-5000 Daltons.

Tokoro teaches a method of eliciting an immune response by administering a transfer factor-like component. The transfer factor-like component is produced from eggs of a hen that has been immunized against an antigen. The transfer factor-like component is recovered from a fraction of at most 10,000 in molecular weight (abstract).

In the Declaration of William J. Hennen, Ph.D., submitted December 5, 2001 in parent application USSN 09/667,147 (now patent 6,468,543), Dr. Hennen elaborates on the meaning of the "transfer factor-like component" disclosed in Tokoro (paragraph 13 of the declaration). One of the references cited by Tokoro provides the background of the term "transfer factor-like component". The Dunnick reference referred to by Tokoro concludes that "no direct relationship has been established between TFLA (transfer factor-like activity) and in vivo transfers of cellular immunity". Further, Dr. Hennen says that the antigen used by Tokoro to immunize the hens would not have resulted in a T-cell mediated immune response, merely a B-cell response to ETEC (paragraph 21 of the declaration).

Therefore, given the teachings of Tokoro and the Hennen declaration of record in the parent application USSN 09/667,147, the instant method of eliciting a T-cell mediated immune response to transfer factor is disclosed. <u>However, it is an inherent property of Tokoro's method,</u>

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that the animal would elicit a T-cell mediated immune response. Transfer factor would have been present in Tokoro's eggs because the hens would have naturally been exposed to antigens that would elicit a T-cell mediated immune response, such as Newcastle disease virus. Whether or not Tokoro actually knew that transfer factor was present, one of ordinary skill in the art would have known that transfer factor would indeed be present because of natural exposure to the antigens that elicit a T-cell mediated response. Therefore, the method as claimed is anticipated by the prior art of record.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tokoro (5,080,895) as applied to claims 1-3, 7-16 and 18-22 above, and further in view of Kirkpatrick *et al* (5,840,700).

The claims are drawn to a method of eliciting a T-cell mediated immune response in an animal by administering an extract of an egg including transfer factor formulated for application to the skin of an animal, nasal administration and parenteral administration. The rejection above establishes the Office's position that transfer factor was inherently present in Tokoro's product. Tokoro is silent on these routes of administration, however, one would have been motivated to use them with the product of Tokoro because Kirkpatrick teaches that transfer factor can be

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administered intravenously, intramuscularly, subcutaneously or orally. Although Tokoro does not explicitly say that transfer factor is present in their product, one would have been motivated to formulate their product for different applications because Tokoro suggests that any appropriate route for administration be used (col. 5, lines 29-34). One would have been motivated to administer the transfer factor via other routes depending on the subject receiving it. One would have had a reasonable expectation of success that the product of Tokoro would have been able to formulate it because Kirkpatrick formulates transfer factor in various mediums. Therefore, the invention would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Conclusion

6. Claim 17 is free of the prior art of record.

Papers relating to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Group 1600 located in Crystal Mall 1. The Fax number for Art Unit 1648 is (703) 872-9306. All Group 1600 Fax machines will be available to receive transmissions 24 hrs/day, 7 days/wk. Please note that the faxing of such papers must conform with the Notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30, (November 15, 1989).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Stacy B. Chen, whose telephone number is (703) 308-2361. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:30 AM-4:00 PM, (EST). If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Supervisor, James C. Housel, can be reached at (703) 308-4027. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Stacy B. Chen November 7, 2003

UPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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